

## ANALYTICAL SUMMARY

PALOP GARCÍA, Pau

ABSENT BUT REPRESENTED: INSTITUTIONAL MECHANISMS OF REPRESENTATION OF EMIGRANTS IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN  
*América Latina Hoy*, 76, August 2017, pp. 15-34

This paper, using the framework provided by studies on transnationalism and political representation, analyzes the institutional mechanisms that 22 states of Latin America and the Caribbean have designed to formally incorporate emigrants into their political process –reserved seats in their legislative chambers and advisory boards–. This analysis reveals that almost half of the states included in the sample do have a mechanism of institutional representation for emigrants.

*Key words:* emigrants; advisory boards; legislative chambers; representation; transnationalism.

BERMÚDEZ, Anastasia; LAFLEUR, Jean-Michel and ESCRIVÁ, Ángeles

CONTRIBUTING TO DEMOCRACY IN COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN: THE EXTERNAL VOTE OF ANDEAN MIGRANTS  
*América Latina Hoy*, 76, August 2017, pp. 35-54

This article analyses how migrants' transnational political practices contribute to the quality of democratic systems in their countries of origin. It focuses on the phenomenon of the «external vote», comparing experiences from three Andean countries: Colombia, Bolivia and Peru. In all three cases, mechanisms to politically include nationals residing abroad have been created, but in different historical, socioeconomic and political contexts, as well as with diverse results.

*Key words:* migrants; democratic quality; home country; external vote; Andean countries.

MARGHERITIS, Ana

ARGENTINES ABROAD: CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES POSED BY POLITICAL INCLUSION IN THEIR COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

*América Latina Hoy*, 76, August 2017, pp. 55-73

This paper explores the politics of intermittent and selective inclusion of Argentines abroad in home politics. It accounts for franchise reform initiatives and explains which factors influenced Argentine citizens in the exercising of their right to vote from abroad. It traces the unfolding and stalemate of an incipient diaspora engagement policy to explain the limits to effective political inclusion of Argentine citizens living abroad today. Thus, it contributes to our understanding of the politics and institutional dynamics of the process of reforming the franchise and citizenship in one of the least explored examples within the literature.

*Key words:* political transnationalism; external voting; Argentina; political rights; emigration.

CALDERÓN CHELIUS, Leticia

PROGRESS IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MEXICAN EXTRATERRITORIAL VOTE: BETWEEN DOUBTS AND CERTAINTIES

*América Latina Hoy*, 76, August 2017, pp. 75-92

This article discusses and describes the new voting model for Mexicans living abroad, highlighting some elements that explain the political dispute behind the approved changes. It makes a journey through the main elements that have caused difficulties in expanding the number of voters, questioning the intention of Mexican authorities by seeking the strengthening of the Mexican citizens abroad through its transnational electoral participation.

*Key words:* Mexican vote abroad; identity document (ID); Internet vote.

ESCRIVÁ, Ángeles

HOW TO EXPLAIN DIVERSITY AND VARIATION IN THE EXTERNAL PERUVIAN VOTE

*América Latina Hoy*, 76, August 2017, pp. 93-112

The Peruvian vote from abroad was an important contribution in the formation of successive governments in Peru in the decade 2006-2016. However, it has not been sufficiently analyzed from a diachronic and transnational perspective. This article seeks to combine our knowledge from general studies on the conditioning factors of the external vote with specific analysis of the influence of the contextual conditions and differing motivations in the Peruvian presidential election.

*Key words:* presidential elections; Peruvian migrants; political ideology; transnational social referents; personality-centred systems.

SOSA, Pamela

THE ORIGINS OF THE FRENTE PARA LA VICTORIA IN ARGENTINA (1988-2003)

América Latina Hoy, 76, August 2017, pp. 115-137

The article reconstructs the trajectory of the Frente para la Victoria in the Argentinean province of Santa Cruz between 1988 y 2003. Period during which this political force was formed, forged its main attributes and amass the political capital that allow it to reach the presidency of the Nation in 2003, position that holds to December 2015. This organization was built outside the dominant structures and groups of the provincial politics.

*Key words:* Frente para la Victoria; Santa Cruz province; Ateneo Juan Domingo Perón; peronism; subnational politics.

SERÉ QUINTERO, Cecilia y FERNANDEZ VAZ, Alexandre

PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND THE COMING BACK OF DEMOCRACY IN URUGUAY: FROM BODY TO CONSCIOUSNESS

América Latina Hoy, 76, August 2017, pp. 139-152

This paper analyzes the proposals of Physical Education projected in Uruguay after having concluded the last civil-military dictatorship in 1985. The results show the presence of new actions by the National Commission of Physical Education, decreasing the compulsory participation and the spectacle of body that were characteristic of the dictatorial regime, increasing however a voluntary and decisive taking part of people, trying to unify society through attractive modalities of Physical Education, Sport and Leisure activities.

*Key words:* body; politics; Uruguay; democracy; dictatorship.