ANALYTICAL SUMMARY

RODRÍGUEZ CORTÉS, Luisa F. CITY BUILDING FROM THE SOCIAL ORGANIZATIONS IN EASTERN PERIPHERY OF MEXICO CITY América Latina Hoy, 74, December 2016, pp. 15-38

The development of Mexico City has led to a social and political space marked by the strong presence of social organizations which are connected with clientelistic forms of exchange. This article explores these interwoven relationships from the study of two social organizations that develop in the east of the city. It is argued that social organizations have adapted to social changes of the last twenty years, but remain as central actor into the political relationships, as well as in the configuration of social space in the eastern periphery of Mexico City.

Key words: urban social organizations; clientelism; political practices; urban periphery; Mexico City.

FLEXOR, Georges and GRISA, Catia

FOOD SECURITY POLICIES AND FAMILY FARM IN BRAZIL: ACTORS, IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS América Latina Hoy, 74, December 2016, pp. 39-53

This article analyzes the formulation of two food security policies –the Food Acquisition Program (AAP) and the National School Food Program (NEAP)– emphasizing the role of ideas, interests and institutions. The establishment of AAP dates back to the 2003, a period characterized by the implementation of the policy Fome Zero (*Zero Hunger*), a public action which was the flagship of Luiz Inácio «Lula» da Silva first mandate policies to fight poverty. This program aims to promote food security based

ANALYTICAL SUMMARY

on family farm supply. These ideas, the actors and the institutions that have shaped this policies were also the basis for the reformulation of the NEAP.

In this sense, this article provides not only an analysis of two policies that are the object of transfer to other countries (Latin America and Africa), but also a «portrait» –limited, but informative– of a political juncture of Brazilian history.

Key words: food security; family farm; public policy.

MORENO SEGURA, Laura Natalia DISJOINTED CITY. THE DISASTER IN PORT-AU-PRINCE América Latina Hoy, 74, December 2016, pp. 55-79

Hundreds of help programs have been deployed in Port-au-Prince, after the earthquake of 2010, with the intention of re-establishing the order and the life lost under the rubbles. Near four years after the tragedy the city that is emerging, in effect, looks like it was before because unsafe constructions, unhealthy neighborhoods, poor access to basic services are still present in the lives of its inhabitants. In this article the visible effects of the reconstruction are not investigated, but the unconnected programs and multiply misunderstood orders that prevent the city from being assembled are studied.

Key words: reconstruction; Port-au-Prince; international cooperation; disconnection; multiple orders; instability.

BORDALO, Carlos Alexandre Leão The PARADOX OF WATER IN THE BRAZILIAN AMAZON. PEOPLE WITHOUT WATER IN THE REGION OF WATERS América Latina Hoy, 74, December 2016, pp. 81-95

Since the beginning of this century the World Water Council has held five World Water Forums where data from an eminent crisis in fresh water supply were presented. Topic that should be reflected by all, and here we present a reflection on the paradox of water in the Brazilian Amazon and see that it contains not a crisis of availability of fresh water, but the crisis of unequal access to drinking water.

Key words: Brazil; Amazon; water resources; hydrogeographic; hydropolitical.

ANALYTICAL SUMMARY

Aversa, Cecilia Inés Power struggle and early departures: explaining modes of resolution of presidential crisis América Latina Hoy, 74, December 2016, pp. 99-124

This article explains why some presidential crises end up with the resignation of the president and others trigger the impeachment against him. Research results suggest that: a) some of the variables that shape Executive-Legislative relation and causes political instability, also explain the way the instability is resolved in the framework of the presidential regime; and that b) the isolated influence of these key factors does not explain, by itself, early departures modalities of elected leaders.

Key words: presidential crisis; impeachment; resignation; president; Congress.

CUBILLO-GUEVARA, Ana Patricia

IMMEDIATE GENEALOGY OF THE DISCOURSES OF GOOD LIVING IN ECUADOR (1992-2016) América Latina Hoy, 74, December 2016, pp. 125-144

In this article we present a genealogical analysis of the three discourses of good living (indigenous, socialist and post-developmentalist) in Ecuador between 1992 and 2016. In order to do so, we set three objectives: determine the emergence of the concept of good living in political discourses in Ecuador, describe its evolution from then until now, and identify the implicit imposture in them.

Key words: good living; genealogy; discourse; imposture; Ecuador.